

## nag\_summary\_stats\_1var (g01aac)

### 1. Purpose

**nag\_summary\_stats\_1var (g01aac)** calculates the mean, standard deviation, coefficients of skewness and kurtosis, and the maximum and minimum values for a set of ungrouped data. Weighting may be used.

### 2. Specification

```
#include <nag.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

void nag_summary_stats_1var(Integer n, double x[], double wt[],
    Integer nvalid[], double xmean[], double xsd[], double xskew[],
    double xkurt[], double xmin[], double xmax[], double wsum[],
    NagError *fail)
```

### 3. Description

The data consist of a single sample of  $n$  observations, denoted by  $x_i$ , with corresponding weights,  $w_i$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ .

If no specific weighting is required, then the array  $w$  need not be defined.

The quantities computed are as follows.

(a) The sum of the weights  $W = \sum_{i=1}^n w_i$ .

(b) Mean  $\bar{x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i x_i}{W}$ .

(c) Standard deviation  $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{d}}$  where  $d = W - \left(\sum_{i=1}^n w_i^2\right) / W$ .

(d) Coefficient of skewness  $\gamma_1 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i (x_i - \bar{x})^3}{s^3}$ .

(e) Coefficient of kurtosis  $\gamma_2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n w_i (x_i - \bar{x})^4}{s^4} - 3$ .

(f) Maximum and minimum elements of the sample.

(g) The number of valid observations for which  $w_i > 0$ , if the weighting is supplied, or  $n$ . Suppose  $m$  observations are valid, then the quantities in (c), (d) and (e) will be computed if  $m \geq 2$ , and will be based on  $m - 1$  degrees of freedom. The other quantities are evaluated provided  $m \geq 1$ .

### 4. Parameters

**n**

Input: the number of observations,  $n$ .  
Constraint:  $n \geq 1$ .

**x[n]**

Input: the sample observations,  $x_i$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ .

**wt[n]**

Input: if weighted estimates are required, then **wt** must contain the weights  $w_i$ , for  $i = 1, 2, \dots, n$ . Otherwise, **wt** need not be defined and the corresponding argument must be set to the null pointer, `((double *)0)`.

**nvalid**

Output: the number  $m$  of valid observations – see Section 3(g) above.

**xmean**

Output: the mean,  $\bar{x}$ .

**xsd**

Output: the standard deviation,  $s$ .

**xskew**

Output: the coefficient of skewness,  $\gamma_1$ .

**xkurt**

Output: the coefficient of kurtosis,  $\gamma_2$ .

**xmin**

Output: the smallest value in the sample.

**xmax**

Output: the largest value in the sample.

**wsum**

Output: the sum of the weights in the array **wt**, that is  $\sum_{i=1}^n w_i$ . This will be  $n$  if weighted estimates are not used.

**fail**

The NAG error parameter, see the Essential Introduction to the NAG C Library.

## 5. Error Indications and Warnings

**NE\_INT\_ARG\_LE**

On entry,  $n$  must not be less than or equal to 0: **n** =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

**NE\_CASES\_ONE**

The number of valid cases is one. In this case, standard deviation and coefficients of skewness and of kurtosis cannot be calculated.

**NE\_CASES\_ZERO**

The number of valid cases is zero.

**NE\_REAL\_ARG\_LT**

On entry, **wt**[ $\langle value \rangle$ ] must not be less than 0.0: **wt** [ $\langle value \rangle$ ] =  $\langle value \rangle$ .

## 6. Further Comments

The time taken by the function is approximately proportional to  $n$ .

### 6.1. Accuracy

A single pass updating algorithm is used, which is believed to be stable.

## 7. See Also

`nag_median_1var` (g07dac)

## 8. Example

In the program below, `nprob` determines the number of data sets to be analysed. For each analysis, a set of observations and, optionally, weights is read and printed. After calling the function, the calculated quantities are printed. In the example, there is one set of data with 24 unweighted data values.

## 8.1. Program Text

```

/* nag_summary_stats_1var(g01aac) Example Program
*
* Copyright 1990 Numerical Algorithms Group.
*
* Mark 1, 1990.
*/

#include <nag.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <nag_stdlib.h>
#include <nagg01.h>

#define NMAX 30

main()
{
    double xsd, xskew, xkurt, wsum, xmean, xmax, xmin;
    double wt[NMAX], x[NMAX];
    Integer i, weight, j, n, nprob, nvalid;
    static NagError fail;

    /* Skip heading in data file */
    Vscanf("%*[^\\n]");
    Vprintf("g01aac Example Program Results\\n");
    Vscanf("%ld", &nprob);
    for (j=1; j<=nprob; j++)
    {
        Vscanf("%ld %ld", &n, &weight);
        Vprintf("Problem %5ld\\n", j);
        Vprintf("Number of cases %ld\\n", n);
        if (n<=0 || n>NMAX)
        {
            Vfprintf(stderr, "Error: n is out of range: n = %5ld\\n", n);
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
        }
        else
        {
            for (i=0; i<n; i++)
                Vscanf("%lf", &x[i]);
            Vprintf("Data as input -\\n");
            for (i=0; i<n; i++)
                Vprintf("%12.1f%c", x[i], (i%5==4 || i==n-1) ? '\\n' : ' ');
            if (weight)
            {
                Vprintf("Weights as input -\\n");
                for (i=0; i<n; i++)
                    Vscanf("%lf", &wt[i]);
                for (i=0; i<n; i++)
                    Vprintf("%12.1f%c", wt[i], (i%5==4 || i==n-1) ? '\\n' : ' ');
                g01aac(n, x, wt, &nvalid, &xmean, &xsd, &xskew, &xkurt, &xmin,
                    &xmax, &wsum, &fail);
            }
            else
                g01aac(n, x, (double *)0, &nvalid, &xmean, &xsd, &xskew, &xkurt,
                    &xmin, &xmax, &wsum, &fail);
        }
    }

    if (fail.code==NE_NOERROR)
    {
        Vprintf("\\n");
        Vprintf("Successful call of g01aac\\n");
        Vprintf("No. of valid cases %5ld\\n", nvalid);
        Vprintf("Mean %13.1f\\n", xmean);
        Vprintf("Std devn %13.1f\\n", xsd);
        Vprintf("Skewness %13.1f\\n", xskew);
        Vprintf("Kurtosis %13.1f\\n", xkurt);
        Vprintf("Minimum %13.1f\\n", xmin);
        Vprintf("Maximum %13.1f\\n", xmax);
        Vprintf("Sum of weights %13.1f\\n", wsum);
    }
}

```

```

    }
    else
    {
        Vprintf("Unsuccessful call of g01aac\n");
        if (fail.code==NE_CASES_ONE)
        {
            Vprintf("No. of valid cases %5ld\n", nvalid);
            Vprintf("Mean          %13.1f\n", xmean);
            Vprintf("Minimum       %13.1f\n", xmin);
            Vprintf("Maximum        %13.1f\n", xmax);
            Vprintf("Sum of weights %13.1f\n", wsum);
            Vprintf("Std devn and coeffts of skewness\n");
            Vprintf("and kurtosis not defined\n");
        }
        else
            Vprintf("%s \n", fail.message);
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
}
}
exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}

```

## 8.2. Program Data

g01aac Example Program Data

```

1
24 0
193.0 215.0 112.0 161.0 92.0 140.0 38.0 33.0 279.0 249.0
473.0 339.0 60.0 130.0 20.0 50.0 257.0 284.0 447.0 52.0
67.0 61.0 150.0 2200.0

```

## 8.3. Program Results

g01aac Example Program Results

Problem 1

Number of cases 24

Data as input -

|       |       |       |        |       |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|-------|
| 193.0 | 215.0 | 112.0 | 161.0  | 92.0  |
| 140.0 | 38.0  | 33.0  | 279.0  | 249.0 |
| 473.0 | 339.0 | 60.0  | 130.0  | 20.0  |
| 50.0  | 257.0 | 284.0 | 447.0  | 52.0  |
| 67.0  | 61.0  | 150.0 | 2200.0 |       |

Successful call of g01aac

No. of valid cases 24

Mean 254.3

Std devn 433.5

Skewness 3.9

Kurtosis 14.7

Minimum 20.0

Maximum 2200.0

Sum of weights 24.0